


**AS.200.101**

**INTRODUCTION TO  
PSYCHOLOGY**



**EXAM REVIEW DAY**

1

**YOU GOT  
THIS! IT WILL  
GO GREAT!**

2

# Frequently Asked Questions

3

**What will the exam primarily focus on? Should I focus only on the slides? What about the readings?**

Any assigned class materials is fair game for the exam. That being said, review the slides and your notes, and make sure you are familiar with main findings and topics of the supplemental readings.

4

**Do I need to memorize all the names of scientists? Of every part of the brain or every neuron?**

The level of depth of topics covered in the lectures is the depth you should expect for the exams. Focus more on understanding content as opposed to memorizing names.

5

**Do I need to memorize all the details of all the studies?**

Try your best to understand the main findings and implications of all studies discussed in class.

6

## **What type of questions should we expect on the exam? Are there any practice questions?**

As Prof. Firestone mentioned, the exam will consist of 50 multiple choice questions. These will include Scenarios, True/False, and Fill in the Blanks. There will also be questions where multiple answers may be correct. To demonstrate this, we've prepared some practice questions.....

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## **Some Practice Questions**

8

Languages have a property that allows us to form and understand new sentences, even if we've never heard them before. This is called:

- A) Infinity      B) Rules      C) Creativity  
D) Syntax      E) Displacement

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10

True or False: Null Hypothesis Testing sees how unlikely it would be for you to find the data you found if there were an effect of interest.

- A) True
- B) False

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12

\_\_\_\_\_ is another word  
for moving unacceptable  
feelings into unconsciousness.

- A) Repression
- B) Regression
- C) Reflection
- D) Projection

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14

For the first ten minutes of the movie, the kid talking behind you really bothered you, but as the movie went on, it didn't bother you as much. This is an example of:

- A) Classical Conditioning
- B) Operant Conditioning
- C) Habituation
- D) Behaviorism

15

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18

People “stuck” in the \_\_\_\_\_ stage could be described as having a need for domination.

- A) Oral                      B) Anal                      C) Phallic  
D) Latency                      E) Genital

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20

True or False: Yelling at your TAs when they try to help you study is an example of negative reinforcement.

- A) True
- B) False

21

True or False: Yelling at your TAs when they try to help you study is an example of negative reinforcement.

- A) True
- B) False

22

Which of the following is  
a common criticism of Freud?

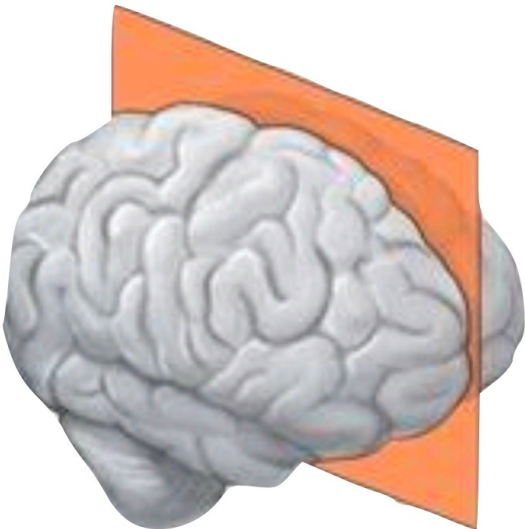
- A) His theories lack evidence
- B) His theories are unfalsifiable
- C) He favors simplified explanations  
for complicated phenomena
- D) A & B
- E) All of the above

23

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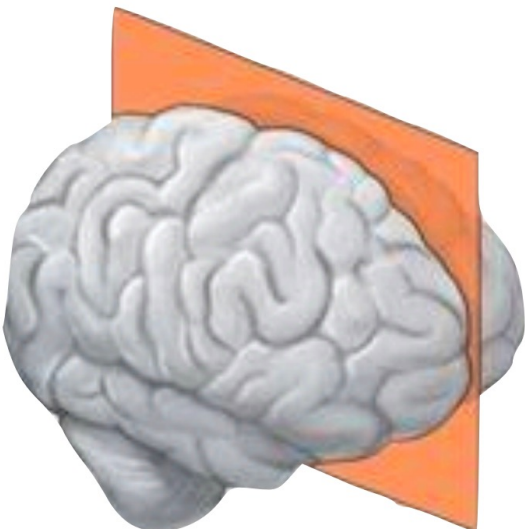
24



What kind of cut is this?

- A) coronal
- B) horizontal
- C) vertical
- D) sagittal

25



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26

Facts, ideas, and concepts are examples of \_\_\_\_\_ memory and skills, tasks, and habits are examples of \_\_\_\_\_ memory.

- A) semantic; episodic
- B) semantic; procedural
- C) procedural; episodic
- D) procedural; semantic

27

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- B) semantic; procedural
- C) procedural; episodic
- D) procedural; semantic

28

True or False: Being grateful for your TAs when they try to help you study is an example of positive reinforcement.

- A) True
- B) False

29

True or False: Being grateful for your TAs when they try to help you study is an example of positive reinforcement.

- A) True
- B) False

30

Phonemes are roughly equated to \_\_\_\_\_,  
Morphemes are roughly equated to \_\_\_\_\_,  
and Syntax is roughly equated to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) sounds; words; grammar
- B) words; sounds; grammar
- C) letters; words; sentences
- D) phonology; morphology; semantics

31

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32



Nicole hit her head yesterday and can now has trouble remembering things before yesterday. Nicole has:

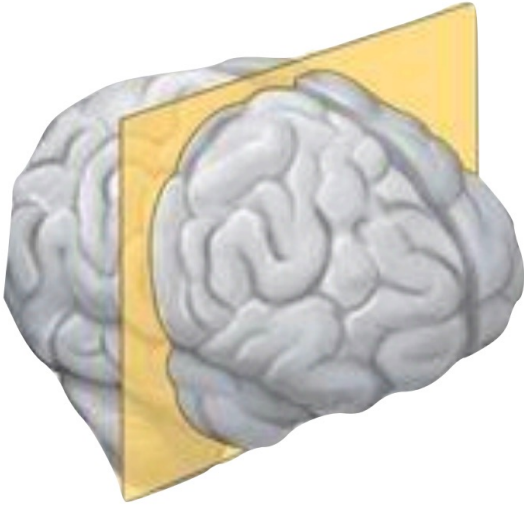
- A) To be more careful
- B) Retrograde amnesia
- C) Anterograde amnesia
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33

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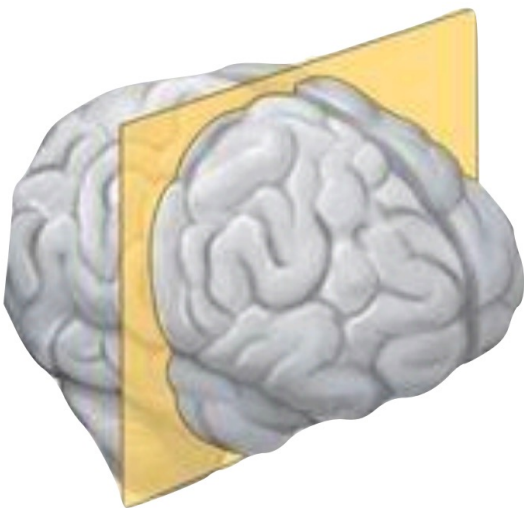
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36

From lowest to highest capacity,  
which memories are in the correct order?

- A) Sensory, Short-Term, Long-Term
- B) Sensory, Long-Term, Short-Term
- C) Short-Term, Long-Term, Sensory
- D) Short-Term, Sensory, Long-Term

37

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- C) Short-Term, Long-Term, Sensory
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38

Lauren also hit her head yesterday,  
but she is unable to form  
new memories. Lauren has:

- A) To be more careful
- B) Retrograde amnesia
- C) Anterograde amnesia
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40

True or False: 100 participants is the perfect number of participants for any study.

- A) True
- B) False

41

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- B) False

42

Dualism is the belief that,  
while bodies are \_\_\_\_\_,  
minds are \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) material; immaterial
- B) immaterial; material
- C) material; material
- D) immaterial; immaterial

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44

The Stroop Effect demonstrates  
the \_\_\_\_\_ of language.

- A) innateness
- B) automaticity
- C) abstractness
- D) creativity

45

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48



True or False: Both pidgins and creoles are considered full-blown languages.

- A) True
- B) False

49

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- B) False

50